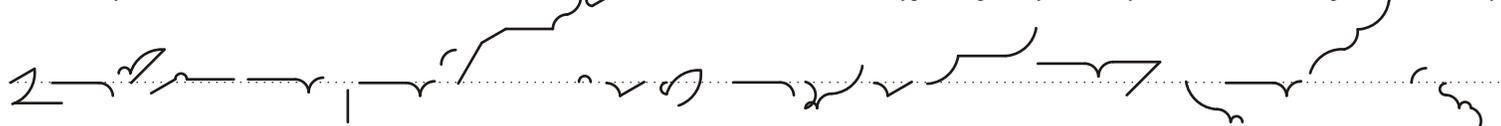
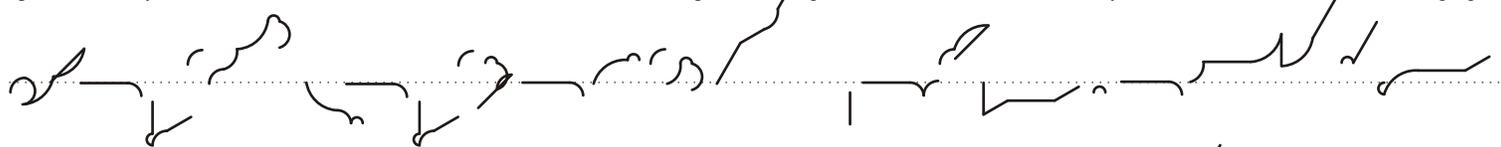


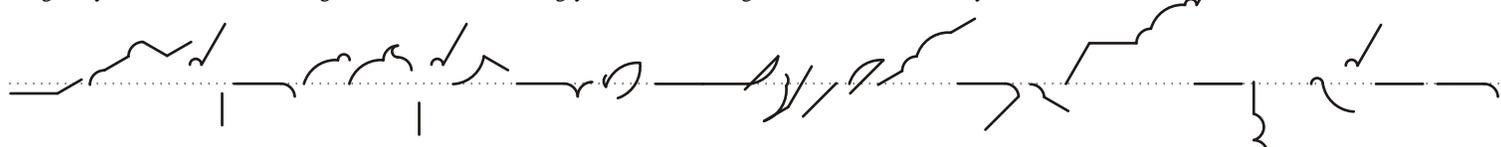
doesn't try to take it, his soldiers are exhausted. Understand the typical signs of your enemy's will: When birds gather on any



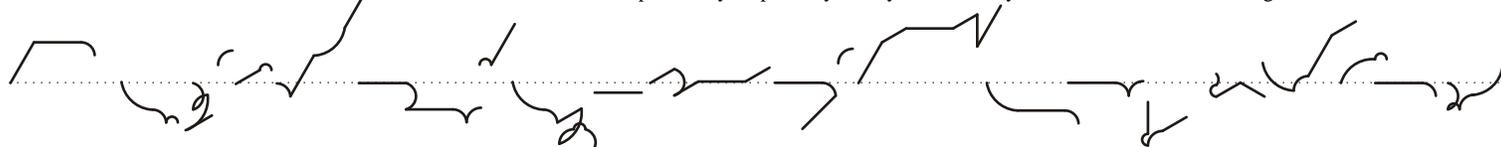
spot, the enemy isn't there. If there are disturbances in his camp, the general has little authority. When their emblems are changing



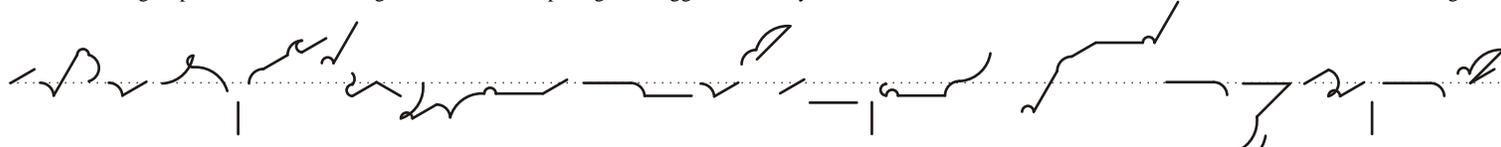
irregularly the officers are rebelling. When the officers are angry, the men are being disobedient. If their army feasts in the battlefield and commits



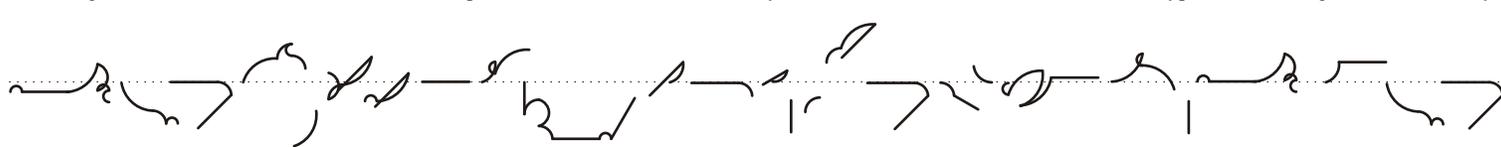
its reserves, and if the men march off and leave their camp totally exposed, you may surmise they have determined to fight now and to the



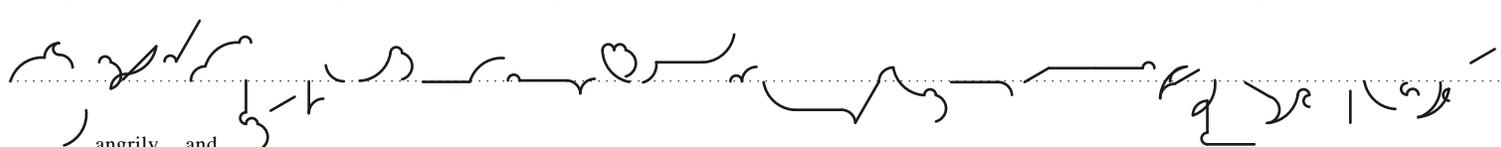
death. When groups are seen huddled together and whispering it suggests they are dissatisfied with their officers. Excessive awards mean the general



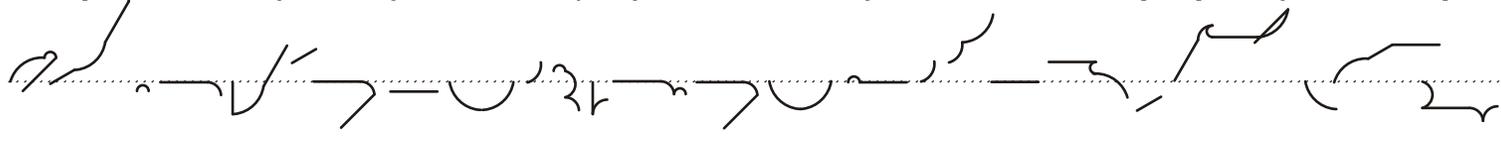
is hiding his lack of resources and excessive punishments that his army is out of control. Understand the typical signs of the enemy's



intelligence: When they march up eagerly only to become frightened by the size of our army they have a complete lack of intelligence. But when they



angrily and march up remain facing us for a long time, neither joining battle nor withdrawing, the situation requires perfect vigilance. If we can place as



many soldiers in the field as they it will be enough, for then they will not be able to attack us directly. We must gather



our available strength, keep close watch on them and secure reinforcements. Understand the typical signs of the enemy's leadership: When the